The following is a list of the requirements included in the Green Book.

The five components of internal control must be effectively designed, implemented, and operating, and operating together in an integrated manner, for an internal control system to be effective. (paragraph OV2.04)

The 17 principles support the effective design, implementation, and operation of the associated components and represent requirements necessary to establish an effective internal control system. The 17 principle requirements of the Green Book are as follows:

1. The oversight body and management should demonstrate a commitment to integrity and ethical values.

2. The oversight body should oversee the entity’s internal control system.

3. Management should establish an organizational structure, assign responsibility, and delegate authority to achieve the entity’s objectives.

4. Management should demonstrate a commitment to recruit, develop, and retain competent individuals.

5. Management should evaluate performance and hold individuals accountable for their internal control responsibilities.

6. Management should define objectives clearly to enable the identification of risks and define risk tolerances.

7. Management should identify, analyze, and respond to risks related to achieving the defined objectives.

8. Management should consider the potential for fraud when identifying, analyzing, and responding to risks.

9. Management should identify, analyze, and respond to significant changes that could impact the internal control system.

10. Management should design control activities to achieve objectives and respond to risks.

11. Management should design the entity’s information system and related control activities to achieve objectives and respond to risks.
12. Management should implement control activities through policies.

13. Management should use quality information to achieve the entity’s objectives.

14. Management should internally communicate the necessary quality information to achieve the entity’s objectives.

15. Management should externally communicate the necessary quality information to achieve the entity’s objectives.

16. Management should establish and operate monitoring activities to monitor the internal control system and evaluate the results.

17. Management should remediate identified internal control deficiencies on a timely basis.

Documentation is a necessary part of an effective internal control system. The level and nature of documentation vary based on the size of the entity and the complexity of the operational processes the entity performs. Management uses judgment in determining the extent of documentation that is needed. Documentation is required to demonstrate the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of an entity’s internal control system. The Green Book includes minimum documentation requirements as follows:

- If management determines that a principle is not relevant, management supports that determination with documentation that includes the rationale of how, in the absence of that principle, the associated component could be designed, implemented, and operated effectively. (paragraph OV2.06)
- Management develops and maintains documentation of its internal control system. (paragraph 3.09)
- Management documents in policies the internal control responsibilities of the organization. (paragraph 12.02)
- Management evaluates and documents the results of ongoing monitoring and separate evaluations to identify internal control issues. (paragraph 16.09)
- Management evaluates and documents internal control issues and determines appropriate corrective actions for internal control deficiencies on a timely basis. (paragraph 17.05)
• Management completes and documents corrective actions to remediate internal control deficiencies on a timely basis. (paragraph 17.06)